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Seismic Performance of Hollow Rectangular Reinforced Concrete Bridge Piers v Highly-Confined Corner Elements; Phase III: Web Crushing Tests			July 2000 – December	7 2001	
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16. Abstract					
Three fully reversed cyclic structural tests were conducted at roughly 1/5 scale in order to investigate the in-plane web crushing					
capacity of reinforced concrete structural walls with confined boundary elements. These tests constitute the third phase in a three					
phase investigation of the seismic performance of hollow rectangular reinforced concrete bridge piers with highly-confined corner					
elements. Phases I and II investigated in general the flexural and shear behavior of similar structural wall subassemblies and were					
reported under separate cover (Hines et al. '99). The three test units were designed to have high flexural strengths and minimal wall					
thicknesses with average shear stress demands ranging from 12.4 $\sqrt{f'_c}$ to 20.3 $\sqrt{f'_c}$ (psi). All three test units had identical					
boundary elements but differed geometrically in the depth of the structural wall between the boundary elements. Thus the effect of wall					
depth and boundary element depth on web crushing was explored.					
This report explains the motivation for and the design of the Phase III tests. Test predictions are given with a brief explanation of					
relevant analytical and material models. Test observations are reported and selected test results are discussed. The experimental web					
crushing capacities of the test units are compared to the predicted capacities. The contributions of the transverse reinforcement and					
spirals to the shear resistance of the tension boundary element are discussed. The required development length of the transverse					
bars in the tension boundary elements is discussed.					
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